Financial Statements of

KUNUWANIMANO CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES

And Independent Auditor's Report thereon



KPMG LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Kunuwanimano Child and Family Services

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kunuwanimano Child and Family Services (the Organization), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets (deficiency) for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes and schedules to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements")

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at March 31, 2024, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Emphasis of Matter - Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Organization has a working capital and unrestricted net asset deficiency as at March 31, 2024. As stated in Note 1 in the financial statements, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1 in the financial statements, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.



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We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Sudbury, Canada

August 8, 2024

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	 2023
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash \$	7,770,362	\$ 6,185,805
Short-term deposits (note 4)	206,094	201,201
Accounts receivable (note 5)	4,476,819	3,851,326
Prepaid expenses and deposits	352,703	 376,081
	12,805,978	10,614,413
Capital assets (note 7)	12,449,502	11,753,084
\$	25,255,480	\$ 22,367,497
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 13) \$ Vacation and banked overtime	2,444,994 220,057	\$ 3,749,234 191,325
Due to Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services (note 6)	57,305	57,035
Deferred revenue (note 8)	10,877,530	 8,700,916
	13,599,886	12,698,510
Deferred capital contributions (note 9)	12,402,731	11,652,968
	26,002,617	24,351,478
Net deficiency	(747,137)	(1,983,981)
Going concern (note 1) Commitments (note 11) Contingent liabilities (note 15)		
\$	25,255,480	\$ 22,367,497

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

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Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

			2024			2023
	_	Operations	 Capital		Total	 Total
Revenue:						
Ministry of Children, Community						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$	16,582,268	\$ - (\$	16,582,268	\$ 16,302,407
Ministry of Children, Community						
and Social Services Deficit Assistance Funding		1,573,546	-		1,573,546	2,753,897
Indigenous Services Canada		8,878,756	-		8,878,756	5,590,637
Children's special allowance		1,215,559	-		1,215,559	1,043,435
Child and Family Services Agencies		521,485	-		521,485	495,033
Other income		137,590	-		137,590	234,045
Ontario Child Benefit Equivalent		146,270	-		146,270	126,552
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		_	917,978		917,978	925,202
		29,055,474	917,978		29,973,452	27,471,208
Expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		13,479,804	_		13,479,804	12,509,664
Boarding rate payment		6,231,252	_		6,231,252	5,544,167
Transfers to First Nations		1,775,575	_		1,775,575	1,228,000
Travel		1,139,729	_		1,139,729	1,046,477
Building occupancy		987,143	_		987,143	696,464
Client personal needs		590,487	_		590,487	681,280
Professional services - client		653,586	-		653,586	880,935
Program costs		1,168,766	_		1,168,766	492,852
Office and general		489,358	_		489,358	371,279
Technology		505,517	-		505,517	542,440
Training and recruitment		87,025	_		87,025	149,827
Professional services - non-client		118,535	_		118,535	105,880
Promotion and publicity		11,078	_		11,078	77,603
Membership and miscellaneous		152,150	_		152,150	155,542
Health and related		340,507	-		340,507	266,070
Financial assistance		27,068	_		27,068	98,165
Amortization of capital assets		, , , , , ,	971,323		971,323	990,846
		27,757,580	971,323		28,728,903	25,837,491
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		1,297,894	(53,345)		1,244,549	1,633,717
Repayable to funder		7,705	-		7,705	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	1,290,189	\$ (53,345) \$	\$	1,236,844	\$ 1,633,717

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Deficiency)

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	_		 ((M	larch 31, 2024	 	
		Operating	 Unrestricted Employment related		Total Unrestricted	Capital	Total
Net assets (deficiency), beginning of year	\$	(1,892,772)	\$ (191,325)	\$	(2,084,097)	\$ 100,116	\$ (1,983,981)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		1,318,921	(28,732)		1,290,189	(53,345)	1,236,844
Net assets (deficiency), end of year	\$	(573,851)	\$ (220,057)	\$	(793,908)	\$ 46,771	\$ (747,137)
				N	larch 31, 2023		
	_		Unrestricted				
		Operating	Employment related		Total Unrestricted	 Capital	 Total
Net assets (deficiency), beginning of year	\$	(3,233,248)	\$ (550,210)	\$	(3,783,458)	\$ 165,760	\$ (3,617,698)
		1 240 476	358,885		1,699,361	(65,644)	1,633,717
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		1,340,476	000,000		.,,,	(, ,	.,,

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 1,236,844	\$ 1,633,717
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of capital assets	971,323	990,846
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	 (917,978)	 (925,202)
	1,290,189	 1,699,361
Change in non-cash working capital:		
Increase in accounts receivable	(625,493)	(3,262,015)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and deposits	23,378	(198,483)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,304,240)	1,787,541
Increase (decrease) in vacation and banked overtime	28,732	(358,885)
Increase in deferred revenue	2,176,614	1,070,817
Increase (decrease) in due to Ministry of Children, Community		
and Social Services	270	(67,500)
	1,589,450	670,836
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Change in short-term investments	(4,893)	(1,201)
Cash flows from capital activities:		
Capital asset additions	(1,667,741)	(2,928,409)
Deferred capital contributions	 1,667,741	2,928,409
		-
Increase in cash	1,584,557	 669,635
Cash, beginning of year	6,185,805	5,516,170
Cash, end of year	\$ 7,770,362	\$ 6,185,805

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

Kunuwanimano Child and Family Services (the "Organization") is incorporated as a non-profit entity without share capital. The Organization administers funds and performs services as contracted with various funding bodies pursuant to the terms and conditions of the applicable contribution agreements.

1. Going concern:

These financial statements have been prepared assuming the Organization will continue as a going concern. The going concern basis of presentation assumes the Organization will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and can realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

The Organization has negative working capital of \$793,908 and an accumulated net asset deficiency of \$747,137. As a result, these events and conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, the Organization may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The ability of the Organization to continue as a going concern and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business is dependent upon the continued support from its funders and on its ability to restore and maintain profitable operations in the future. The ability to move to profitable operations in the future depends upon future funding from various funders. No assurance can be given that additional funding will be available in the future from other sources or that, if available, it can be obtained on terms favourable to the Organization.

These financial statements do not reflect adjustments that would be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate. If the going concern basis was not appropriate for these financial statements, then adjustments would be necessary to the carrying amount of assets, the reported revenues and expenses, and the balance sheet classifications used to reflect these on a liquidation basis which could differ from accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

2. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Basis of presentation:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations. A statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been included as there are no matters to report therein.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Organization accounts for contributions, which include donations and government grants, under the deferral method of accounting as follows:

- Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate.
- Grants and donations relating to future periods are deferred and recognized in the subsequent period when the related activity occurs.
- · Grants approved but not received are accrued.
- Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amounts can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.
- Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenses are recognized.
- Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at rates corresponding to those of the related capital assets.

(c) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis to amortize the assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Useful Life - Years
Vehicles Furniture and equipment Computers Leasehold improvements Buildings	5 years 10 years 5 years 3 to 5 years 40 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until they are put in use.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Pension plan:

The Organization provides a pension plan for all its full-time employees through the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ("OMERS"). OMERS is a multi-employer pension plan which operates as the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund (the Fund), and provides pension for employees of Ontario municipalities, local boards and public utilities. The Fund is a contributory defined benefit pension plan, which is financed by equal contributions from participating employers and employees, and by the investment earnings of the Fund. To the extent that the Fund finds itself in an under-funded position, additional contribution rates may be assessed to participating employers and members.

OMERS is a defined benefit plan. However, as OMERS does not segregate its pension asset and liability information by individual employers, there is insufficient information available to enable the Organization to directly account for the plan. Consequently, the plan has been accounted for as a defined contribution plan. Obligations for contributions to defined contributions pension plans are recognized as an employee benefits expense in net income when they are due.

(e) Vacation and banked overtime:

Vacation and banked overtime are accrued for as entitlements are earned.

(f) Deferred capital contributions:

Externally restricted contributions for depreciable capital assets are deferred and amortized over the life of the related capital asset. Unexpended and unamortized capital asset contributions are recorded as deferred capital contributions on the statement of financial position.

(g) Funding settlements:

The Organization receives the majority of its funding from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services. The operations of the Organization are therefore subject to audit by the Ministry with possible audit adjustments repayable to the Ministry.

Any adjustments required as a result of these audits will be made in the current year by adjusting revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Financial instruments:

All financial instruments are initially recorded on the statement of financial position at fair value.

All investments held in equity instruments that trade in an active market would be recorded at fair value. Management has elected to record investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis.

Unrealized changes in fair value would be recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they would be transferred to the statement of operations. As there have been no unrealized changes in fair value to note, a statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been presented.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred.

Where a decline in fair value is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations. On sale, the amount held in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses associated with that instrument is removed from net assets and recognized in the statement of operations.

Financial instruments are classified into fair value hierarchy Levels 1, 2 or 3 for the purposes of describing the basis of the inputs used to determine the fair market value of those amounts recorded a fair value, as described below:

Level 1	Fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	Fair value measurements are those derived market-based inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly
Level 3	Fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data

The Organization has selected to account for transactions at the trade date.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(i) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the year in which they become known.

(j) Asset retirement obligations:

The Organization recognizes the fair value of an Asset Retirement Obligation ("ARO") when all of the following criteria have been met:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

A liability for asset retirement obligations has not been recorded in these financial statements. Given the nature of the assets, the age of the facilities and the remediation work completed to date it was determined there is no further legal obligation on the part of the Organization to complete remediation efforts.

3. Change in accounting policies:

On April 1, 2023, the Organization adopted Public Accounting Standard PS 3400 *Revenue*. The new accounting standard establishes a single framework to categorize revenue to enhance the consistency of revenue recognition and its measurement. As at March 31, 2024 the Organization determined that the adoption of this new standard did not have an impact on the amounts presented in the financial statements.

4. Short-term deposits:

The short-term deposits consist of cashable guaranteed investment certificates bearing interest at the rate of 2.25% and maturing in December 2024. The balance of the guaranteed investment certificate is \$206,094 (2023 - \$201,201).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

5. Accounts receivable:

	2024	2023
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services HST Indigenous Services Canada Other	\$ 1,573,546 1,505,776 1,306,559 90,938	\$ 2,201,679 966,984 605,080 77,583
	\$ 4,476,819	\$ 3,851,326

6. Due to Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services:

The amounts due to the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services are comprised of:

	2024	 2023
2016 – Child Welfare 2020 – Prevention	\$ 46,728 10,577	\$ 46,728 10,307
	\$ 57,305	\$ 57,035

7. Capital assets:

2024	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Vehicles Furniture and equipment Computers Leasehold improvements Buildings	\$ 1,902,372 2,457,527 1,475,246 324,426 11,406,009	\$ 1,159,966 1,296,532 1,319,496 324,426 1,015,658	\$ 742,406 1,160,995 155,750 - 10,390,351
	\$ 17,565,580	\$ 5,116,078	\$ 12,449,502

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

7. Capital assets (continued):

2023	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Vehicles Furniture and equipment Computers Leasehold improvements Buildings	\$ 1,709,591 2,430,045 1,404,626 324,426 10,029,151	\$ 837,926 1,056,440 1,195,455 324,426 730,508	\$ 871,665 1,373,605 209,171 - 9,298,643
	\$ 15,897,839	\$ 4,144,755	\$ 11,753,084

8. Deferred revenue:

	2024	 2023
Indigenous Services Canada Ontario Child Benefit	\$ 9,563,852 1,313,678	\$ 7,566,289 1,134,627
	\$ 10,877,530	\$ 8,700,916

9. Deferred capital contributions:

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized balance of contributions received for capital asset acquisitions. Details of the continuity of these funds are as follows:

	2024	 2023
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received during the year Amounts amortized to revenue	\$ 11,652,968 1,667,741 (917,978)	\$ 9,649,761 2,928,409 (925,202)
Balance, end of year	\$ 12,402,731	\$ 11,652,968

10. Demand line of credit:

The Organization has an approved credit facility of up to \$225,000 (2023 - \$225,000) bearing interest at the bank prime lending rate plus 1.25%, secured by a general security agreement. The balance on the demand line of credit at fiscal year-end is \$Nil (2023 - \$Nil).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

11. Commitments:

The Organization is committed to payments under various contractual agreements through to 2025 in the following amounts annually:

2025 \$ 79,004

12. Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services:

	2024	2023
Funding per agreement:		
Child Welfare	\$ 15,061,402	\$ 14,604,085
Prevention	1,321,468	1,321,468
Ready Set Go	88,935	· · · -
Housing Support Worker	75,000	75,000
Education Liaison	92,460	382,665
Other adjustments:		•
Deferred capital contributions	(56,997)	(73,106)
	\$ 16,582,268	\$ 16,310,112

13. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

The Organization receives Universal Child Care Benefit ("UCCB") payments from the Canada Revenue Agency on behalf of children in their care. Per direction from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services, the UCCB funds are used to establish Registered Education Savings Plans ("RESPs") on behalf of these children. During the current year, the Organization received payments in the amount of \$239,360 (2023 - \$228,560) from the Canada Revenue Agency. As at March 31, 2024, the Organization has an amount of \$753,663 (2023 - \$959,201) included in accounts payable to be deposited to the individuals RESPs.

14. Pension plan contributions:

The Organization provides a pension plan for its employees through Manulife. The plan is a single-employer, contributory defined pension plan with equal contributions by employer and its employees (excludes additional voluntary contributions made by members). In 2024, the Organization made employer contributions of \$21,672 (2023 - \$14,911).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

14. Pension plan contributions (continued):

The Organization provides an additional pension plan for some of its employees through OMERS. OMERS provides pension services to more than 500,000 active and retired members and approximately 1,000 employers. Each year an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan (the "Plan") by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to the estimated present value of all pension benefits that members have earned to date. The most recent actuarial valuation disclosed total going concern actuarial liabilities of \$136,185 million (2022 - \$130,306 million) in respect of benefits accrued for service with total going concern actuarial assets at that date of \$131,983 million (2022 - \$123,628 million) indicating a going concern actuarial deficit of \$4,202 million (2022 - \$6,678 million). Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surpluses or deficits area joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees and the Authority's share is not determinable. As a result, the Organization does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2024 was \$971,069 (2023 - \$910,920) for current service and is included as an expense on the statement of operations.

15. Contingent liabilities:

The Organization is involved in certain legal matters and litigation, the outcome of which is not presently determinable. The loss, if any, from these contingencies will be accounted for in the period in which the matter is resolved.

16. Financial risks and concentration of risk:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss. The Organization is exposed to credit risk relating to its cash, grants and accounts receivable and short-term deposits. The Organization holds its cash accounts with federally regulated chartered banks who are insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Accounts receivable are comprised of government and other receivables. Government receivables are ultimately due primarily from the Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services, Indigenous Services Canada as well as other government entities, and credit risk is mitigated by the governmental nature of the funding sources. Other receivables arise during the course of the Organization's normal operations and are due from a diverse customer base. The Organization measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. An impairment allowance is set up based on the Organization's historical experience regarding collections.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

16. Financial risks and concentration of risk (continued):

(a) Credit risk (continued):

The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Organization at March 31, 2024 is the carrying value of these assets.

The amounts outstanding at year end were as follows:

As at		1 - 90		91 - 180		181 - 270		270+		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
March 31, 2024		days		days		days		days		Total
Grants receivable	\$	2,880,105	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,880,105
Accounts receivables	•	1,580,629	•	11,981	Ť	_	•	4,104	*	1,596,714
Net receivables	\$	4,460,734	\$	11,981	\$	-	\$	4,104	\$	4,476,819
As at		1 - 90		91 - 180		181 - 270	····	270+		. <u>-</u>
March 31, 2023		days		days		days		days	-	Total
Grants receivable	\$	2,734,753	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,734,753
Accounts receivables		1,011,316		5,043		1,815		98,399		1,116,573
Net receivables	\$	3,746,069	\$	5,043	\$	1,815	\$	98,399	\$	3,851,326

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the Organization's exposure to credit risk or its policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

(b) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and equity risk. There are no significant market risks noted for the Organization as there are no investments held, no long-term debt and no amounts denoted in foreign currencies.

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will not be able to meet all of its cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Organization mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and maintaining investments that may be converted to cash in the near-term if unexpected cash outflows arise. Accounts payable are all current and no long-term debt is outstanding.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the Organization's exposure to liquidity risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

16. Financial risks and concentration of risk (continued):

(c) Liquidity risk (continued):

The contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash flows) of accounts payable and accrued liabilities as included within the March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 financial statements are due within 6 months of year end.

17. Comparative information:

The financial statements have been reclassified, where applicable, to conform to the presentation used in the current period. The changes do not affect the prior year excess of revenue over expenses for the year.

Schedule of Operations - ISC Funded Programs

				Post-Majority	Jordan's	Jordan's Principle - Individual		
		Operations	Capital	Care	Principle	Claims		2024
Revenue:								
Indigenous Services Canada	\$	6,630,313	1,471,498	425,438	873.402	1,088,849	\$	10,489,500
Other revenue	Ť	55,435	-	120, 100	-	-	*	55,435
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		-	582,480	23,090	_	_		605,570
		6,685,748	2,053,978	448,528	873,402	1,088,849		11,150,505
Expenses:								
Transfers to First Nations		1,775,575	-	-	-	-		1,775,575
Salaries and wages		1,211,187	-	104,251	383,131	-		1,698,569
Benefits		424,571	-	37,088	118,452	-		580,111
Travel		70,291	-	434	757	-		71,482
Training and recruitment		8,813	-	-	13,146	-		21,959
Program costs		20,732	_	8,615	-	1,088,007		1,117,354
Professional services - client		465,811	-	114,342	-	_		580,153
Office and general		2,526,751	-	107,049	302,243	_		2,936,043
Building occupancy		3,848	-	319,853	12,500	-		336,201
Technology		3,872	-		-	-		3,872
Membership and miscellaneous		130,142	-	-	-	-		130,142
Amortization of capital assets		-	582,480	23,090		-		605,570
		6,641,593	582,480	714,722	830,229	1,088,007		9,857,031
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
before transfers to deferred capital contributions		44,155	1,471,498	(266,194)	43,173	842		1,293,474
Transfers to deferred capital contributions		-	(1,471,498)	(139,246)	-			(1,610,744)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses								
before undernoted items		44,155	-	(405,440)	43,173	842		(317,270)
Amortization of capital assets		_	582,480	23,090	_	-		605,570
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		-	(582,480)	(23,090)	-	-		(605,570)
Change in vacation entitlement and banked overtime		11,280	-	-	(6,098)	-		5,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	55,435	-	(405,440)	37,075	842	\$	(312,088)

Schedule of Operations by Program - MCCSS Funded Programs

		01 11 11 11 15		Ontario Child Benefit	Education	Mental	Housing Support		
		Child Welfare	Prevention	Equivalent	Liaison	Health	Worker		2024
Revenue:									
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services	\$	15,150,337	1,321,468	_	92,460	_	75.000	\$	16,639,265
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services Deficit	_	10,100,001	.,02.,,700		02,.00		, 0,000	*	, ,
Assistance Funding		1,573,546	_	_	_	_	_		1,573,546
Children's special allowance		1,215,559	_	_	_	_	_		1,215,559
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		185,672	5,471	-	1,399	119,866	_		312,408
•		•	5,471	-	1,399	119,000	-		•
Child and Family Services Agencies		521,485	-	440.070	-	-	_		521,485
Ontario Child Benefit Equivalent		-	-	146,270	-		-		146,270
Ministry of Health			=	-	=	7,705	-		7,705
Other income		74,450	- 4 200 000	- 440.070		407 574	75.000		74,450
		18,721,049	1,326,939	146,270	93,859	127,571	75,000		20,490,688
Expenses:									
Salaries and wages		7,600,745	806,669	_	60,811	_	45,162		8,513,387
Benefits		2,422,572	247,213	_	13,114	-	4,838		2,687,737
Travel		1,036,048	29,199	-	1,000	_	2,000		1,068,247
Training and recruitment		70,667	7,899	-	1,000	-	3,000		82,566
Program costs		26,159	16,253	_	4,000	-	5,000		51,412
Professional services - client		73,433	· -	_	· -	-	-		73,433
Client personal needs		444,217	-	146,270	-	-	_		590,487
Financial assistance		27,068	_	-	-	-	-		27,068
Health and related		340,507	_	_	_	_	-		340,507
Building occupancy		627,102	32,805	_	1,535	_	2,000		663,442
Professional services - non-client		118,535	_	_	-,	-	-		118,535
Promotion and publicity		10,428	650	_	_	-	-		11,078
Office and general		247,438	26,687	_	4,000	-	5,000		283,125
Membership and miscellaneous		22,008	~	_	· <u>-</u>	-	· -		22,008
Society foster, kinship and other care		4,251,160	_	-	-	-	_		4,251,160
Purchased foster and group care		1,980,092	_	_	_	_	-		1,980,092
Technology		376,045	_	_	-	-	-		376,045
Repayable to funder									
Amortization of capital assets		236,472	8,016	_	1,399	119,866	_		365,753
Administration recoveries		(2,816,995)	167,478	_	7,000	-	8,307		(2,634,210
		17,093,701	1,342,869	146,270	93,859	119,866	75,307		18,871,872
Panayahla ta fundar				_	_	7,705	_		7,705
Repayable to funder Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	,	-				7,700			1,100
before transfers to deferred capital contributions		1,627,348	(15,930)	-	-	-	(307)		1,611,111
Transfers to deferred capital contributions		(56,997)	_		_	_	-		(56,997
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		(50,557)							,,,,,,,,,
before undernoted items		1,570,351	(15,930)	-	-	-	(307)		1,554,114
. Amortization of capital assets		236,472	8,016	_	1,399	119,866	_		365,753
Amortization of capital assets		(185,671)	(5,471)	_	(1,399)	(119,866)	-		(312,407
Amortization of deferred capital contributions Change in vacation entitlement and banked overtime		(47,606)	13,385	-	(1,539)	(113,000)	307		(33,914
							····	Φ.	4 570 540
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	1,573,546	-	-	-	-		\$	1,573,546

Schedule of Operations - Child Welfare

	Infrastructure									
							& Admin			
	Non-Resid		Residential	Legal		Boarding	Support			
	Servic	<u> </u>	Services	Services	Travel	Rates	Services	Technology		2024
Revenue:										
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services	\$ 2,90	3,610	2,786,472	383,631	572,794	6,231,966	1,375,379	896,485	\$	15,150,33
Ministry of Children, Community and Social Services Deficit			,		•			•		
Assistance Funding		_	-	_	_	_	1,573,546	_		1,573,54
Children's special allowance		_	1,215,559	_	_	_		-		1,215,55
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		_	-,,	_	_	_	84,307	101,365		185.67
Child and Family Services Agencies		_	521,485	_	_	_		,		521,48
Other income		_	10,964	_	_	_	63,486	-		74,450
	2,90	3,610	4,534,480	383,631	572,794	6,231,966	3,096,718	997,850		18,721,049
Expenses:										
Salaries and wages	2.18	2,054	2,679,982	274,419	-	-	2,189,759	274,531		7,600,74
Benefits	•	4,282	865,592	91,428	_	-	671,185	100,085		2,422,57
Travel		_	106,823		569,879	-	359,346	-		1,036,04
Training and recruitment		_	2,854	4,436	-	-	63,377	_		70,66
Program costs		3.924	22,235	.,	_	_	,	_		26,15
Professional services - client		-	73,358	_	75	_	_	-		73,43
Client personal needs	1	4,856	428,689	_	148	524	_	_		444,21
Financial assistance		7,068		_	-	-	_	_		27,06
Health and related		1,621	338,886	_	_	_	_	_		340,50
Building occupancy		1,021	600	_	2,509	_	623,993	_		627,10
Professional services - non-client		_	-	155	2,000	_	118,380	_		118,53
Promotion and publicity		_	_	-	48	_	10,380	_		10,42
Office and general		_	292	495	135	190	246,326	_		247,438
Membership and miscellaneous		_	-	2,210	-	-	19,798	_		22.00
Society Foster, kinship and other care		_	_	2,210	_	4.251,160	-	_		4,251,160
Purchased foster and group care		•	-	_	_	1,980,092	-	_		1,980,092
Technology expense (recovery)		-	-	4,754	_	1,000,002	(104,076)	475,367		376,04
Amortization of capital assets		-	-	4,134	-	-	135,107	101,365		236,472
Administration recoveries	(0	9,636)	-	-	-	-	(2,787,359)	101,505		(2,816,995
Administration recoveries		4,169	4,519,311	377,897	572,794	6,231,966	1,546,216	951,348		17,093,70
Repayable to funder		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Excess of revenue over expenses										
before transfers to deferred capital contributions		9,441	15,169	5,734	-	-	1,550,502	46,502		1,627,348
Transfers to deferred capital contributions		_	_	_	_	_	(11,094)	(45,903)		(56,997
Excess of revenue over expenses										
before undernoted items		9,441	15,169	5,734	-	-	1,539,408	599		1,570,35
Amortization of capital assets		_	-	_	-	-	135,107	101,365		236,47
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		-	_	-	-	-	(84,306)	(101,365)		(185,67
Change in vacation entitlement and banked overtime	(9,441)	(15,169)	(5,734)	-	-	(16,663)	(599)		(47,606
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$						1,573,546		\$	1,573,546